

Prevent risk assessment for schools

Date Implemented: 10.07.25

Arisk assessment is a core part of implementing the Prevent duty. All providers should read guidance from the department on how to complete a risk assessment and on safeguarding students vicilities being drawn into terrorism, including support for externist deas that are part of terrorist deology.

Providers may choose to have a specific separate risk assessment to better communicate to staff and document actions taken to mitigate any risks.

The purpose of the risk susessment is to have an awareness and understanding of the risk of radicalisation in your area and your institution. The type and scale of activity that will address the risk will vary but should be proportionate to the level ofrisk, type of provious, it are planes of lease of activity that will address the risk will vary but should be proportionate to the level ofrisk, type of provious, it are planes of lease of activity that will address the risk will vary but should be proportionate to the level ofrisk, the proportional activity of the risk of a staff and document and should be reviewed annually, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education requirements, or following a serious incident.

This is an internal document and should be reviewed annually, in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education requirements, or following a serious incident.									
National Risks – risk of radicalisation generally									
What national risks are you aware of that could impact to your area									
Risk I:	Risk 2:	Risk 3:	Risk 4:						
Online Radicalisation:	Extreme Right-Wing Terrorism	Islamist Extremism	Influence of Global Events:						
Social Media			Conspiracy theories following Cov	rid 19					
Gaming platforms			Anti government narratives including rejection of						
Encrypted Apps such as Whatsapp			mainstream education and author	rity					
Online grooming									
Local Risks - risk of radicalisation in your area and institution									
What specific local risks are you aware of that could impact to your	area, setting, students or families? E.g. loca	l extremist activity (groups active in the area)							
Risk I:	Risk 2:	Risk 3:	Risk 4						
Rural Isolation	Economic deprivation	Children who are more vulnerable such as							
		those with SEN, mental health issues etc.							

Leadership and Partnership  Category	Risk	Hazard	Risk management	Rag	Further action needed	Lead officer	Date for completion	Support availale
	What is the risk here?  The setting does not place sufficient priority to Prevent and risk sussessment/stanton plans (or does not have one) and therefore actions to mitigate risks and meet the requirements of the Duty are not effective.	What are the hexacols'  Laaders (including governors and trustees) within the organisation do not understand the requirements of the Prevent Statutory Duty or the risks faced by the organisation. The Duty is not immaged or enabled at a sufficiently senior level.	What has your institution put a place to ensure sufficient understanding and hous in from Leodership?  Prevent training/prinding for staff (including SLT) and governors. This is completed annually via the e-learning platform, Flick.		What does your institution need to further action to address the identified indexit?  SLT to ensure training has been campleted. Further face to face training to be for completed. Further face to face training to be planned in as needed.	M Pasqualino		Hone Office offer a free «harming package on Prevent covering"  - Prevent external research of the second of the s
Leadership		Leaders do not have understanding and ultimate ownership of their internal safeguarding processes, nor ensuring that all staff have sufficient understanding and that staff implement the duty effectively.	Lead governor for safeguardingPrevent lead is at appropriate seniority Safeguarding lead in school is the Headesscher Weekly meetings take piace with DSU DDSLs to monitor CPOMs incidents and plan any next steps.		Leaders to provide professional challenge for each other.	SLT		
		Leaders do not communicate and promote the importance of the duty.  Leaders do not drive an effective safeguarding	Sufficient leadership ownership – risk assessments and safeguarding policies are signed off by SLT. All Risk assessments shared with staff and kept in a teams folder accessible to all staff. Leadership have clear understanding of reporting and referral					
		culture across the institution.  Leaders do not provide a safe environment in which children can learn.	mechanisms and are on the 6 year safeguarding pathway.  Ensuring the sharing of safeguarding policies – staff sign to confirm the reading of such policies via Flick					
			Promotion of a safeguarding culture through regular training, discussions with senior staff visibly involved. Clear induction for new members of staff and trainer teachers					
Working in Partnership	The setting is not fully appraised of national and local risks, does not work with partners to safeguard children vulnerable to radiculation, and does not have access to good practice advice, guidance or supportive peer networks.	The organisation does not establish effective partnerships with organisations such as the Local Authority and Police Prevent Team.	The providers has strong partnerships with:  Local Stegarding Children's Pertnership  SSE, Insudanter forum  LADO  Community Safety Partnerships  Fokics Prevent Team  Channel panel  Children de Mindy					Prevent duty guidance  Oudnes the requirements of the day, including working in partnership in legal processing or a partnership in legal processing or a partnership in legal prevent day guidance for original and walestic a risk hased approach so the open Understanding channel  Understanding channel  An overview of Channel Support and the Prevent Hubs-Agency Panels (PP
Capabilities								
	Staff do not recognise signs of abuse or vulnerabilities and the risk of harm is not reported properly and promptly by staff.	Frontline staff including governors, do not understand what radicalisation means and why people may be vulnerable to being drawn into terrorism	Training is mandatory.					Prevent e-learning  Home Office offer a free e-learning package on Prevent covering:  - Prevent awareness  - Prevent referrals
Staff training		Frontine staff including governors, do not know what measures are available to prevent people with the property people with the property people who may be epiched by radiching enhances. Soff do not access Prevent training or refresher unasing	As saff attend safeguarding training and are familiar with key school safeguarding and statutory policies				Ongoing	undersandig Channel  Users that complete the training will receive a cereficial.  Bage/filver support-people-veherable-to-radicalization.service gorabl  Prevent resources, guidance and support  The department's flocate Against Histe website provides a range of train work aductoragainsthate.com
		Staff do not access Prevent training or refresher training.	All staff attend Prevent training with a focus on Notice, Check, Share					
		Governors do not access Prevent training or refresher training.	Governors attend Prevent training  Records are kept of all staff and governor training including					
	Staff do not share information with relevant	Staff do not feel confident sharing information	records are kept of all staff and governor training including refresher training  The school has a culture of safeguarding that supports effective					Resources to support information sharing
Information Sharing	partners in a timely manner.	with partners regarding radicalisation concerns.	arrangements to:  **dentify children who may need early help or who are at risk of neglect, abuse, grooming or exploitation  **help children needs their risk of harm by securing the support they need, or referring in a timely way to those who have the expertise to help					The department has published guidence on making a Prevent referral https://www.gov.uk/guidence/mulding-a-referral-to-prevent
		Staff are not aware of the Prevent referral process.	The school has clear processes for raising radicalisation concerns and making a Prevent referral. First instance via CPOMS and discussion with DSL who will then support referrals.				weekly supervision is	

C	Risk	Herest	Pi-I	0	Employ codes and de-	Land office	Date for complete	
Category	Children and young people are exposed to	Hazard The setting does not provide a safe space in	Risk management  The institution has codes of conduct for all staff (teaching and	Rag	Further action needed	Lead officer	Date for completion	Support availale  Resources for having difficult classroom conversations
	intolerant or hateful narratives and lack	which children and young people can understand	non-teaching staff)					
	understanding of the risks posed by terrorist	and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism						Educate Against Hate has a range of resources to help teachers conduct difficult
	organisations and extremist ideologies that	and the extremist ideas that are part of terrorist						conversations with students. The "Let's Discuss" teaching packs have been develor to help facilitate conversations about topics such as fundamental British values,
	underpin them.	ideology, and learn how to challenge these ideas.						extreme right-wing terrorism and Isalmist extremism.
								www.educateagainsthate.com
								www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources
		The setting does not teach a broad and balanced	The institution carries out safer recruitment checks on all staff					www.educateagainsthate.com/category/teachers/classroom-resources/?filter=lets-
		curriculum which promotes spiritual, moral,	Spitituality came out as an area of strength in SIAMs report May					discuss
		cultural mental and physical development of	2024.					
		students and fundamental British values and community cohesion.	Pastoral Manager completing apprenticeship on community health and wellbeing.					
		community conesion.	AA has completed DFE training on welbeing.					
			,					
			Teaching is monitored by senior leaders through observations,					
D. 1141		The setting does not teach a broad and	leaching is monitored by senior leaders through observations, book checks and is quality assured					
Building children's resilience to radicalisation		balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual,	book checks and is quality assured					
		moral, cultural mental and physical						
		development of students and fundamental						
		British values and community cohesion.						
		The setting does not teach a broad and	The institution provides opportunities within the curriculum to					
		balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual,	discuss controversial issues and for students to develop critical					
		moral, cultural mental and physical	thinking and digital literacy skills					
		development of students and fundamental						
		British values and community cohesion.						
		The setting does not teach a broad and	Settings should ensure that discussions of controversial issues					
		balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual,	are carried out in a safe space.					
		moral, cultural mental and physical						
		development of students and fundamental						
		British values and community cohesion.						
		The setting does not teach a broad and	The institution embeds fundamental British values into the					
		balanced curriculum which promotes spiritual,	curriculum, while also ensuring specific discussions can take place in a safe environment.					
		moral, cultural mental and physical	piace in a safe environment.					
		development of students and fundamental						
	Ineffective IT policies increases the likelihood	British values and community cohesion.  Students can access terrorist and extremist	Settings ensures appropriate internet filtering is in place via					Web filtering and online safety
	of students and staff being drawn into	material when accessing the internet at the	securly. This is monitored by the Headteacher					
	extremist material and narratives online.	institution.						The Department for Education have issued comprehensive guidance on how scho
	Inappropriate internet use by students is not							and colleges should be using filtering and monitoring standards, including specific measures to comply with the Prevent duty.
	identified or followed up.							
								https://www.gov.uk/guidance/meeting-digital-and-technology-standards-in-schools-a
								colleges/filtering-and-monitoring-standards-for-schools-and-colleges
		Students may distribute extremist material using	Setting ensures that there is a clear reporting process in place					Further guidance is available at https://saferinternet.org.uk/guide-and-
		the institution IT system.	should filtering systems flag any safeguarding or Prevent-related					resource/teachers-and-school-staff/appropriate-filtering-and-monitoring/appropriate
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	concerns. Securly flags straight to the DSL.					monitoring
								You can test whether your internet service provider removes terrorist content a
IT policies								http://testfiltering.com/
		Unclear linkages between IT policy and the Prevent duty. No consideration of filtering as a	The designated safeguarding lead should take lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection (including online safety).					The Joint Information Systems Committee (JISC) can provide specialist advice and
		Prevent duty. No consideration of filtering as a means of restricting access to harmful content.	on savegout using and clind protection (including online safety).					support to the further and higher education sectors to help providers ensure
								students are safe online and appropriate safeguards are in place.
								Teach about online extremism
			Sattings should again children and young people					Teach about online extremism
			Settings should equip children and young people with the skills to stay safe online, both in school and outside. This is done via					The 'Going Too Far!' resource from Educate Against Hate and the London Grid
			termly esafety lessons.					Learning to help teach students about staying safe online
								https://www.educateagainsthate.com/resources/going-too-far/
	External speakers or visitors being given a	Leaders do not provide a safe space for children	A process is in place to manage site visitors, including sub-					Political Impartiality Guidance
	platform to radicalise children and young	to learn.	contractors via coloured lanyards and adapting relevent checks					
	people or spread hateful or divisive		and supervision accordingly.					When using external agencies, schools in England must be mindful of their existing
Visitors	narratives.							duties regarding political impartiality and to ensure the balanced presentation of political issues. Guidance on this is available on GOV.UK.
			The setting has a robust risk assessment and carries out due					https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/political-impartiality-in-schools/politic
		that any visiting speakers are suitable and appropriately supervised.	diligence checks on visitors, speakers, the organisations they represent and the materials they promote or share.					impartiality-in-schools#the-law
		The state of the s	promote or anne.					